

St Mary's Catholic Primary School

A Statement Opposing Female Genital Mutilation

Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) is child abuse and an extremely harmful practice with devastating health consequences for girls and women. Some girls die from blood loss or infection as a direct result of the procedure. Some women who have undergone FGM are also likely to find it difficult to give birth and many also suffer from long-term psychological trauma.

FGM is a serious criminal offence in the UK with a maximum penalty of 14 years in prison for anyone found guilty. Parents or guardians may also be guilty of an offence if they fail to protect girls and women from FGM being carried out.

Female Genital Mutilation:

FGM is the mutilation of the external female genitalia for non-medical reasons. It is sometimes known as female circumcision or 'sunna'. FGM is a crime in the UK

- Even if someone is taken overseas to undergo FGM, it is still a crime in the UK if the mutilation is done by a UK national or a UK resident.
- It is also a crime if a UK national or resident assists or gets a non-UK national or resident to carry out FGM overseas on a UK national or resident. In England, Wales and Northern Ireland, the practice is illegal under the Female Genital Mutilation Act 2003.
- And if FGM is committed against a girl under the age of 16, each person who is responsible for the girl at the relevant time is guilty of an offence

Anyone found guilty of an FGM offence - or of helping somebody commit one - faces up to 14 years in prison, a fine, or both. Anyone found guilty of failing to protect a girl from risk of FGM faces up to 7 years in prison, a fine, or both.

Help and support:

If you are worried that this may happen to you or someone you know, you can speak in confidence to a teacher, doctor, school nurse, social worker, police officer or any health, educational or social care professional. They will be able to help, support and protect you. If you are a victim of FGM and report it to the police, you will be given lifelong anonymity from the time an allegation is made. This means that no information may be published that could identify you as a victim of FGM, even if there is no eventual court case.

If you are in the UK and are concerned that you may be taken overseas for the purpose of FGM please call the police by dialling 999. If you are abroad and require help or advice, please call the Foreign and Commonwealth Office on +44 (0) 20 7008 1500 You can also access help and support from: NSPCC FGM Helpline: 0800 028 3550 Email: fgmhelp@nspcc.org.uk